

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/730,250	12/09/2003	Michael Carter-Smith	P-6406-US	3360
27130 7	590 12/14/2005		EXAMINER	
EITAN, PEARL, LATZER & COHEN ZEDEK LLP 10 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA, SUITE 1001			MENDOZA, MICHAEL G	
NEW YORK, NY 10020		1001	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3731	

DATE MAILED: 12/14/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/730,250	CARTER-SMITH ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Michael G. Mendoza	3731	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	ppears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timed will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
 Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07 S</u> This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under 	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pro		
Disposition of Claims			
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-4 and 7-14 is/are rejected. 7) ⊠ Claim(s) 5 and 6 is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	awn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examin	cepted or b) objected to by the I drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is objection	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documen 2. Certified copies of the priority documen 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documen application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	nts have been received. Its have been received in Applicationity documents have been received in Applicationity documents have been received in the contract of the contract	ion No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:		

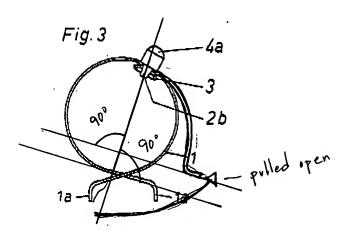
Application/Control Number: 10/730,250

Art Unit: 3731

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed 7 September 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The applicant argues that Knetsch et al. does not teach "the projection extending inwardly from an inner surface of the acupressure ring, the projection being approximately orthogonal to a visual indication". The claim does not specify in what relationship the projection is orthogonal to the visual indication. In the figure below the visual indicator is shown to be in a plane. The projection is orthogonal to the plane of the visual indicator. Furthermore, the device of Knetsch et al. in use on a large digit as a thumb or on a larger part of the body such as the wrist can be opened by pulling on the visual indicator. Pulling the left 1a to the right while holding the other one 1a would also make the visual indicator orthogonal towards a 90 degree angle.



The Applicant has amended independent claim 1 adding new limitation changing the scope of the claim. The newly added limitation "wherein said visual indicator is provided by a break in the acupressure ring" requires new consideration and a new rejection. A new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Yoo 6835174.

Art Unit: 3731

3. Applicant's arguments filed 7 September 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. In response to applicant's argument that the invention is an acupressure ring and Miller does not teach an acupressure, a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim. The applicant also argues that Miller teaches away from the protrusion of claim 12 (actually in claim 11). The claim has the limitation of a shank that extends from 1.0 to 2.5 mm from the inner surface of the ring. Miller teaches the limitation and therefore reads on the claim.

Claim Objections

4. Claim 7 is objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c) as being in improper form because a multiple dependent claim cannot depend from any other multiple dependant claim.

See MPEP § 608.01(n). Accordingly, the claim 7 not been further treated on the merits.

Claim 7 can depend on claim 3, which is also a multiple dependant claim.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

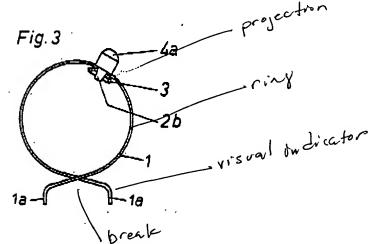
A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States

Art Unit: 3731

only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

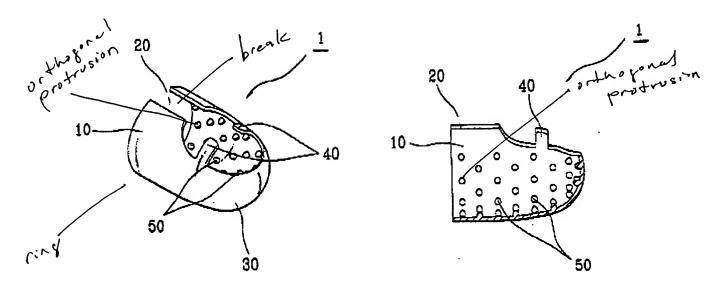
- 6. Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Knetsch et al. 4122852.
- 7. Knetsch et al. teaches an acupressure ring for use on the outer finger, and comprising a ring having a visual indicator and a projection extending inwardly from the inner surface, the projection being approximately orthogonal to a visual indicator, wherein the visual indicator is provided by a break in the acupressure ring; the mid-point of the projection is approximately 90 degrees around the ring from the mid-point of the visual indicator; and the cross section of the projection is round, cylindrical, conical, square or rectangular (figs. 1-3).



- 8. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Yoo 6835174.
- 9. You teaches an acupressure ring for use on the outer finger, and comprising a ring having a visual indicator visible when the ring is worn and a projection extending inwardly from an inner surface of the acupressure ring, the projection being approximately orthogonal to a visual indicator, wherein the visual indicator is provided

Art Unit: 3731

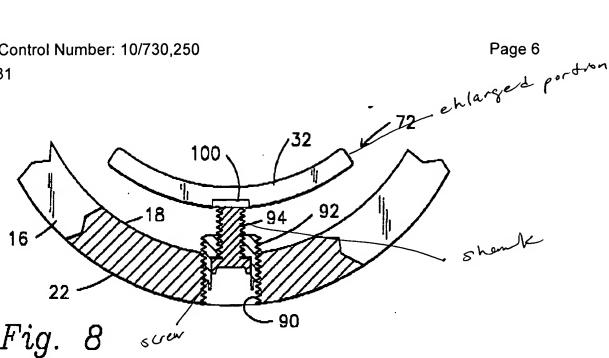
by a break in the acupressure ring; wherein the projection has a mid-point, which is approximately 90 degrees around the acupressure ring from the mid-point of the visual indicator; wherein the cross section of the projection is round, cylindrical, conical, square or rectangular.



- 10. Claims 10 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Miller 5636531.
- 11. Miller teaches an acupressure ring for use on the outer finger, and comprising a ring having a screw, the screw comprising a shank extending through the ring, the shank being attached at one end to a head portion and bearing a screw portion engaging with a corresponding screw extending through the ring; the shank has an enlarged portion at the end of the end remote from the head.

Application/Control Number: 10/730,250

Art Unit: 3731



Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 12. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 13. Claims 8 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Knetsch et al. or Yoo.
- Knetsch and Yoo discloses the claimed invention except for the range of the 14. projection extending from the inner surface is from 1 to 4 mm or from 1.6 to 2.0mm. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was to use the claimed ranges, since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclose in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art.

Art Unit: 3731

15. Claims 11, 13, and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miller.

- 16. As to claims 11 and 14 Miller teaches a fully adjustable telescoping set screw (col. 6, line 64 col. 7, line 10). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the set screw adjustable to at least 2.5 mm into the ring to allow for adjust to a finger that is smaller in diameter to the actual diameter of the ring.
- 17. As to claim 13, Miller discloses the claimed invention except for the enlarged portion is removable. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the enlarged portion removable, since it has been held that constructing a formerly integral structure in various elements involves only routine skill in the art. *Nerwin v. Erlichman,* 168 USPQ 177, 179.

Allowable Subject Matter

18. Claims 5 and 6 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

19. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

Art Unit: 3731

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Contacts

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael G. Mendoza whose telephone number is (571) 272-4698. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri. 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Anh Tuan Nguyen can be reached on (571) 272-44963. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 3731

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

MM

MM

GLENN K. DAWSON PRIMARY EXAMINER